Research Strategy

- The Significance of Acoustic Research in Context of Climate Protection -ICANA 2023

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Knowledge for Tomorrow

Have we achieved enough?

Source: DLR Aeronautics Strategy



FUEL CONSUMPTION

(UUL baseli

concept

rv into service 203 **1.9** 315

2040

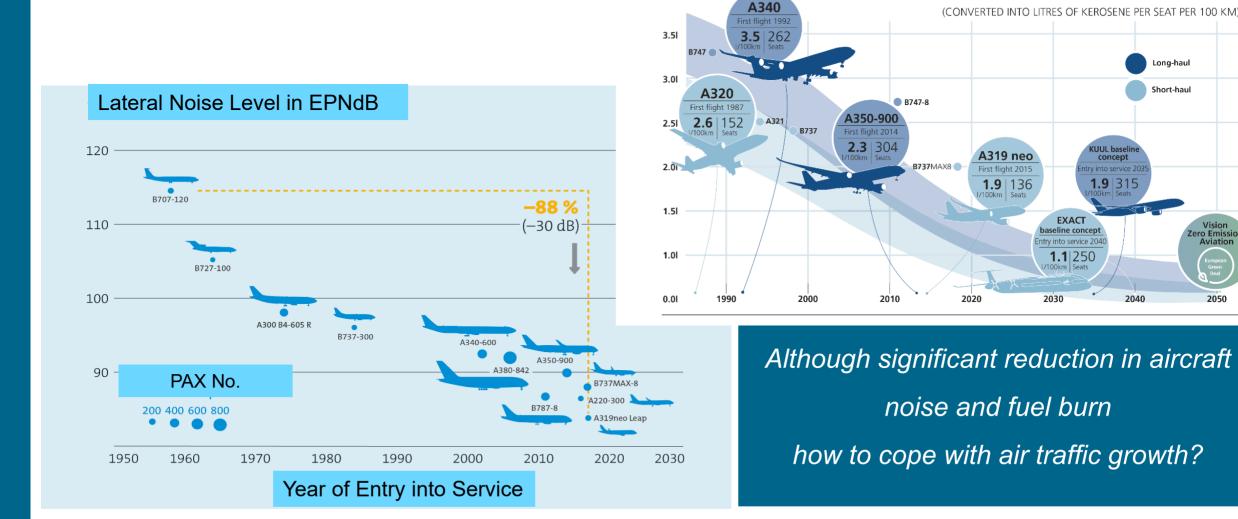
Long-haul

Short-haul

Vision

Zero Emission Aviation

2050



Source: BDL/ICAO Noise Certification Data Base

A Challenge

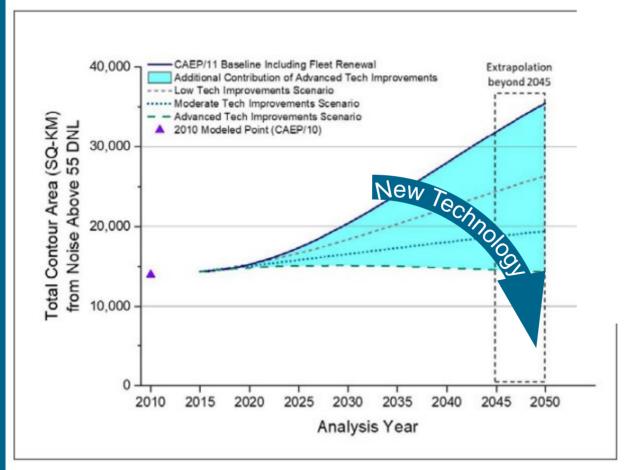


DECOUPLING GROWTH AND EMISSIONS 500.0 450.0 Potential for reducing emissions with Unrestrained - low-emission aircraft engines arowth 400.0 - energy-efficient aircraft - reduced-emissions air transport system - digitalisation 350.0 % .⊆ 300.0 **CO₂** emissions 250.0 Potential for Remaining offsetting with emissions 200.0 economic measures 150.0 CO₂-neutral 100.0 growth 50.0 European 0.0 Green Deal 2015 2020 2025 2030 2035 2045 2050 2040

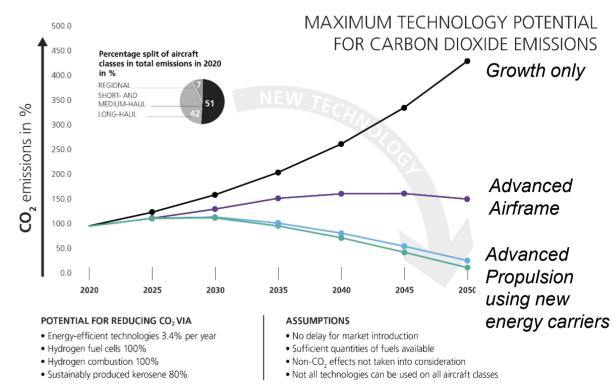
The Air Transport System as a whole has to be transformed

Striving for Both - Reduction of Chemical Emissions and Noise -

Source: ICAO



Total Aircraft Noise Contour Area above 55 dB DNL for 315 airports, 2010 to 2050



Technology openness and a multidisciplinary approach in research is key

Shaping the Future of Aviation DLR Green Deal Strategy / Fields of Action







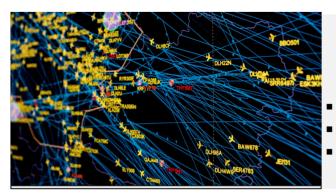
Low-Emission Propulsion

- Direct Combustion of Hydrogen Fuel Cell
- Battery
- SAF



Energy Efficient Aircraft

- New Configurations
- Weight reduction by Lightweight system design
- Minimizing energy consumption



Emission-Reduced Air Transport System

Climate Optimized Routing Atmospheric Research Impact Assessment



Digitalisation

- Simulation-based Certification
- Digital Twin
- Digital Thread

Low Noise Aviation is inherent objective of DLR's Research Portfolio and part of the current coalition agreement of federal government

Low Noise Aircraft Design



*) EPNdB flyover/sideline/approach

15dB/ 5dB/ 18dB* reduction @ certification points w.r.t. A320ceo (2000)

 Close to visionary ACARE FlightPath 2050 noise objective! (15dB reduction per op.)

Silent by design

- Hybrid Wing Body (HWB) concept
- Extreme shielding of propulsion noise
- Slotless flap system, noise reduction technos
- Very silent UHBR GTF turbofan propulsors

SIAM - SchallImmissionsArmes Mittelstreckenflugzeug (mid range a/c with low noise impact)





SIAM - SchallImmssionsArmes Mittelstreckenflugzeug (mid range a/c with low noise impact)

HiFi design reveals

- Increased drag from propulsor integration
- Increased mass from T-tail (necessary for stability)
- Although most silent, too inefficient (even for further local optimisation)

max SPL(A) [dBA] 54 60 66 72 78 84 90 96 105

- SIAM shows massive potential of a/c design in terms of noise reduction
- Future research will focus on multi-objective optimisation (noise vs. efficiency)





Airframe Noise Research





LNATRA

 → A DLR project to demonstrate the potential of noise reduction technologies (NRT) for current transport aircraft
 → Implementation/test of known airframe+jet NRTs on real a/c

Jet Noise

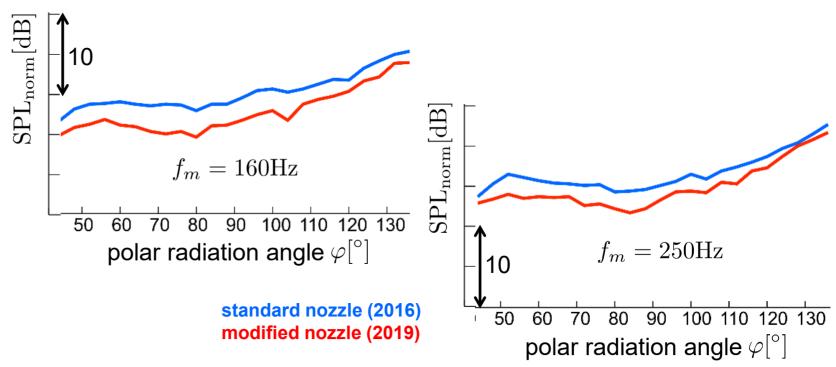




Nozzle modification



take-off – flaps 2: 22°/20° - gear up



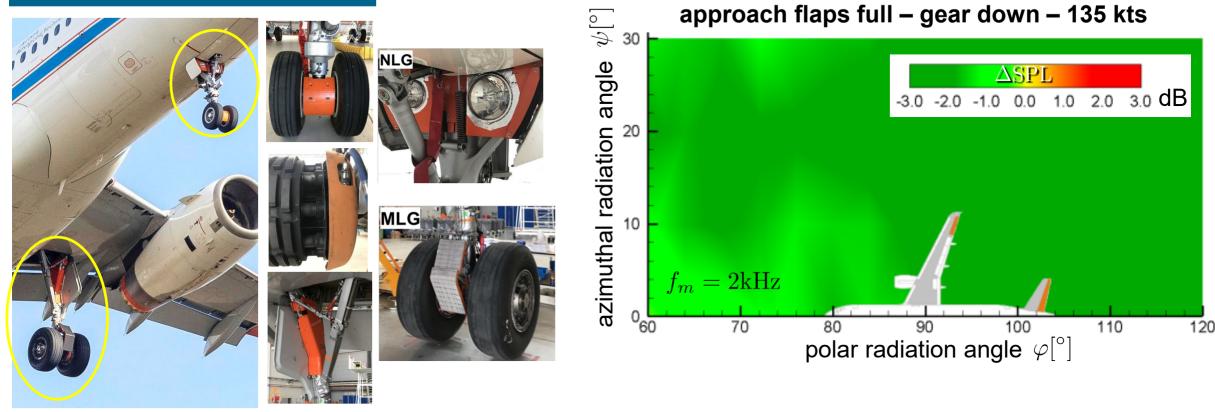
Significant reduction at low frequencies, slight increase (1dB) high frequencies

Landing Gear Noise





Nose/Main LG modification



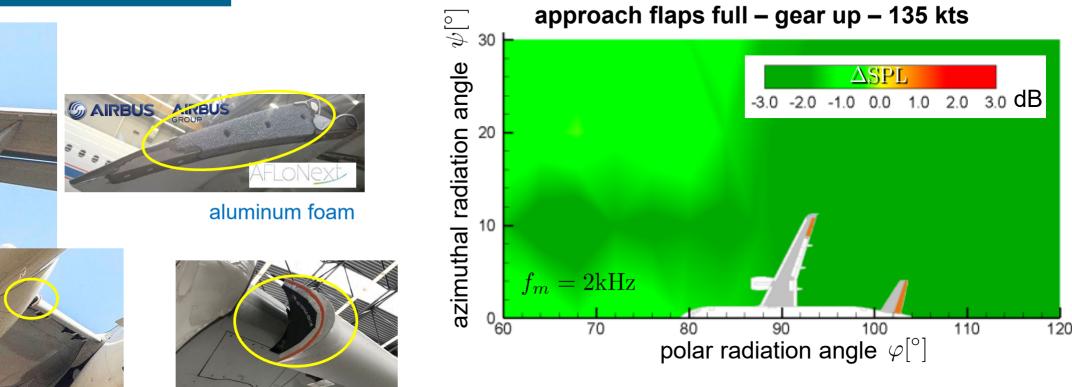
Wide area broadband noise reduction ~ 2-3dB (single mics!)

High Lift Noise





HLD side edge modification



open cell urethane foam

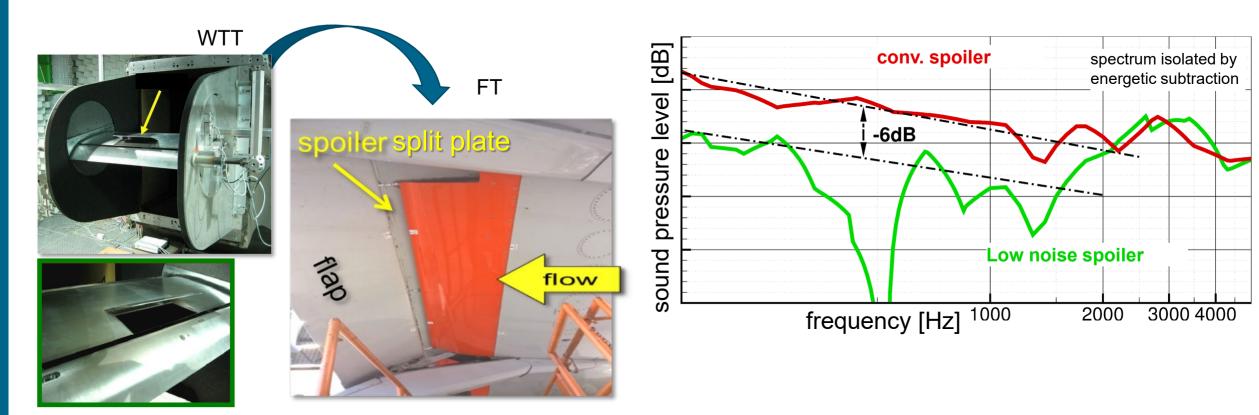
Wide area broadband noise reduction ~ 2-3dB (single mics!)

Spoiler Noise



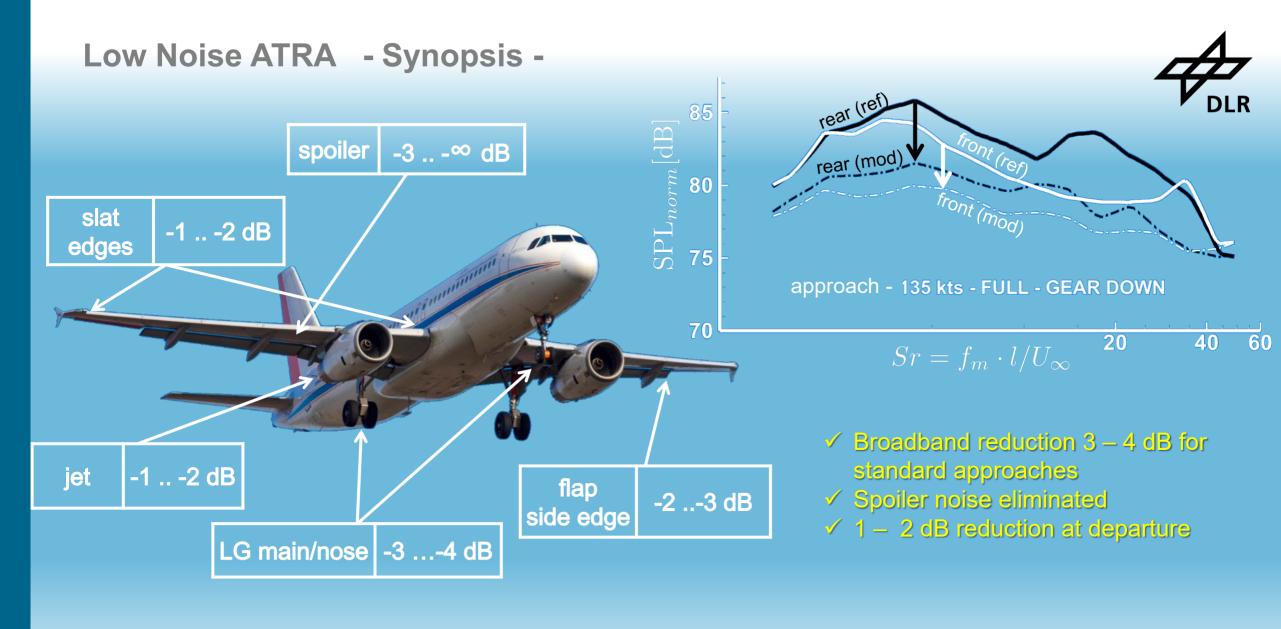


Spoiler modification



Massive reduction for frequencies 500-2000Hz, largest effect laterally

Enables steep approaches w/o excess source noise



Up to 5dB reduction at approach (including slat modification)

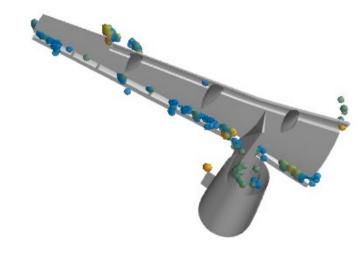
Acoustic Methods and Tools



Microphone-Array Measurements in Wind Tunnels - Analysis of New Aircraft Configurations in ETW -

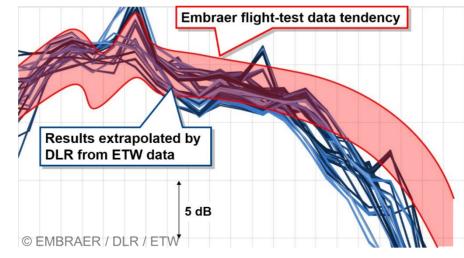
- Project partners: DLR, ETW, EMBRAER
- Enable piggy-back measurements (aerodynamics, aeroacoustics)
- Measurements at real-flight Reynolds number (pressurized and cryogenic)

Localization of noise sources

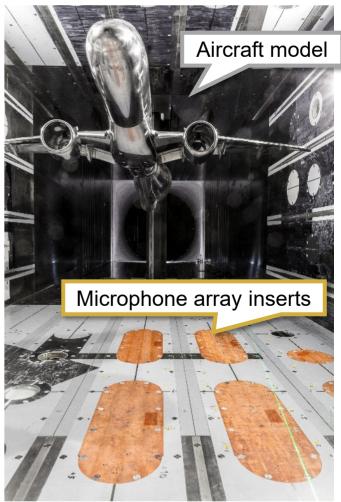


- Dominant airframe noise sources on the aircraft model (color coded frequency)
- Landing configuration

Comparison to flight-tests



 Good agreement with flight test data of the real aircraft



© DLR / ETW

Ahlefeldt, T., Ernst, D., Goudarzi, A., Raumer, H.-G., Spehr, C., "Aeroacoustic testing on a full aircraft model at high Reynolds numbers in the European Transonic Windtunnel," submitted to: *Journal of Sound and Vibration*, in revision

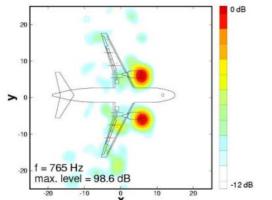


Fly-Over Microphone Array - Sample Results -

- Global
 - Doppler-corrected Frequency Spectra
 - Source Maps
- For each Source Region:
 - Spectra
 - Total Level



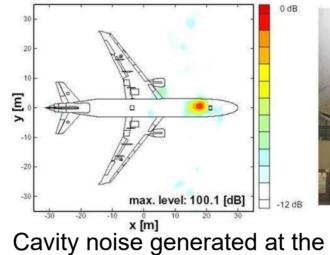
247 microphone multi-arm spiral array



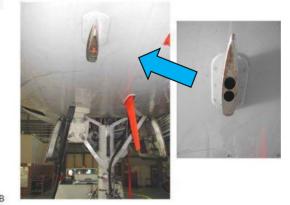




Modification of CFM56- Original vents and geometric modification 5A nacelle suppresses 800 Hz tone



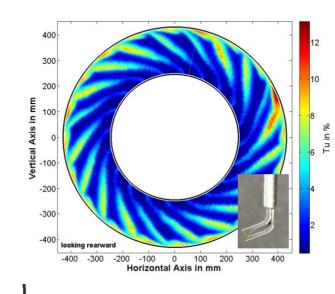
drain mast of the MD-11 in the 790 Hz one-third-octave band



Drain mast with its two cavities

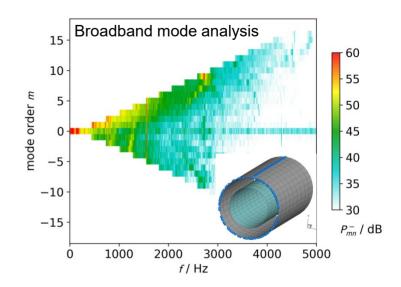
Experimental Means to study Fan Noise caused by Inflow Disturbances

Techniques to generate different inflow disturbance patterns High-resolution aerodynamic measurements



High-resolution acoustic measurements

DLR



- Separation of different noise source mechanisms
- Identification of noise generating parameters by means of correlation techniques
- Noise reduction technologies, e.g. flow conrol techniques

DLR's "Fachausschuss für Fluglärm"



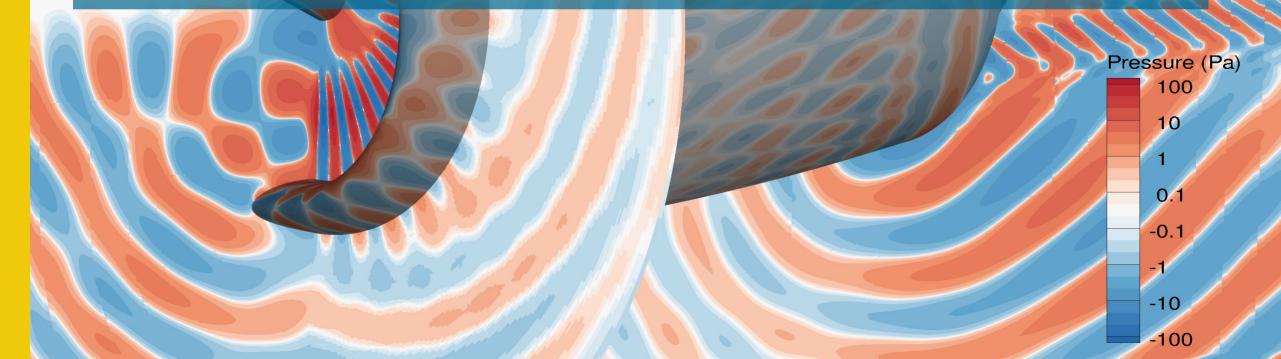
Expert group and advisory body regarding DLR's acoustic research activities and capabilities

Disciplines

- Airframe Noise and Low Noise Aircraft Design
- Aircraft Noise Sources
- Aircraft Noise Determination and Quantification
- Low Noise Aircraft Operation
- Aircraft Noise Impact

Experts

- → Prof. Jan Delfs
 → Prof. Lars Enghardt
 → Dr. Rainer Schmid, Dr. Lothar Bertsch
 → Dr. Fethi Abdelmoula, Dr. Bernd Korn
- \rightarrow Dr. Susanne Bartels



Thank You!

DLR